

ONE TIME EXIT SCHEME

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10EC73

Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, April 2018 Power Electronics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART – A

1.
 - a. Explain briefly different types of power electronic circuits. (06 Marks)
 - b. Discuss peripheral effects of power electronics equipments. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain the SCR characteristics (V-I) with the help of a circuit connection. Also define holding current and latching current. (08 Marks)

2.
 - a. Compare power MOSFET and bipolar junction transistor. (05 Marks)
 - b. Explain the proportional and anti saturation base drive control methods. (06 Marks)
 - c. For a BJT circuit shown in Fig.Q2(c), if $V_{BE(sat)} = 1.5V$, $V_{CE(sat)} = 1.2V$, $\beta = 25$, $V_{CC} = 100V$, $R_C = 10 \Omega$ and $R_B = 20 \Omega$, find (i) the minimum value of V_{BB} required to ensure transistor saturation and (ii) the ON-state power loss P_T in the transistor. (05 Marks)
 - d. Write a brief note on isolation of gate and base driver. (04 Marks)

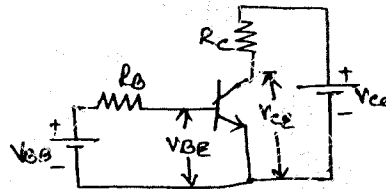


Fig.Q2(c)

3.
 - a. With two transistor model explain switching action of thyristor. Derive an expression for anode current. (10 Marks)
 - b. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(b), $V_s = 200 V$ with load resistance of $R = 5 \Omega$. The load and stray inductances are negligible and the thyristor is operated at a frequency of $f_s = 2 kHz$. If the required $dv/dt = 100V/\mu s$ and the discharge current is to be limited to 100 A. Determine (i) the values of R_s and C_s (ii) the snubber loss and (iii) the power rating of the snubber resistor. (10 Marks)

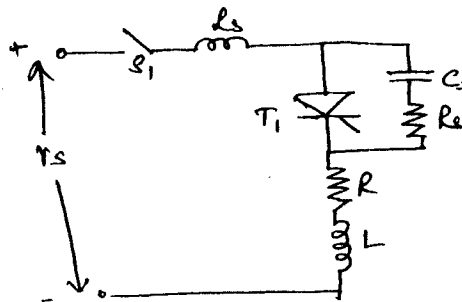


Fig.Q3(b)

Important Note: 1. On completing your answer, immediately detach the top sheet of the question paper and return it to the invigilator. 2. Any student who is caught cheating or attempting to cheat, will be treated as malpractice.

- 4 a. With the necessary circuit and waveforms, explain the principle of operation of single phase full converter with R-L load. Derive an expression for the RMS and average output voltage. (08 Marks)
- b. With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the principle of operation of 1 ϕ dual converter, with and without circulating current. (10 Marks)
- c. Explain the role played by the free wheeling diode in converters with R-L load. (05 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. Distinguish between natural and forced commutation with examples. (04 Marks)
- b. With neat circuit diagram and waveform explain the working of complimentary commutation. (08 Marks)
- c. For the Auxiliary commutation circuit shown below Fig.Q5(c), compute the value of commutation capacitor 'C' and commutating inductor 'R' for the following data:
 $E_{dc} = 50 \text{ V}$, $I_{L(\max)} = 50 \text{ A}$, t_{off} of $\text{SCR}_1 = 30 \mu\text{s}$, chopping frequency $f = 500 \text{ Hz}$ and the load voltage variation required is 10% to 100%. Assume 50% tolerance on turn-off time of SCR_1 . (08 Marks)
- 6 a. Describe the 1 ϕ full wave AC voltage controller with resistive load. Derive the equation for the average output voltage and RMS output voltage. (10 Marks)
- b. Find the performance parameters of a 1 ϕ FW controller with R-L load. The input rms is $V_s = 120 \text{ V}$, 60 Hz. The load is such that $L = 6.5 \text{ mH}$ and $R = 2.5 \Omega$. The delay angles of the thyristors are equal $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \pi/2$. Determine, if $\beta = 220^\circ$.
- (i) the conduction angle of thyristor T_1 , δ
 - (ii) the rms output voltage V_o
 - (iii) the rms output current I_o
 - (iv) the average current of the thyristor I_A .
 - (v) the input PF. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain the principle of step-down chopper. Derive the average, rms voltage and the output power for it. (06 Marks)
- b. The dc converter has $R = 10\Omega$ and the input voltage is $V = 220\text{V}$. When the converter switch remains on its voltage drop is $V_{\text{ch}} = 2\text{V}$ and the chopping frequency is $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$. If the duty cycle is 50% determine:
- (i) the average o/p voltage V_o
 - (ii) the rms o/p voltage v_o
 - (iii) the converter efficiency
 - (iv) the effective input resistance R_i of the converter. (08 Marks)
- c. Explain the operation of a step down chopper with R-L load. Also derive an expression of peak-peak output ripple current. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain single phase half bridge inverter with R-load, with necessary circuit diagram and waveforms. Derive the equation for rms output voltage. (08 Marks)
- b. Explain the performance parameters of inverters. (08 Marks)
- c. Give the classification of inverter based on the connection of thyristors and commutating components. (04 Marks)

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Date: 16/04/2018

Time : 9.30am to 12.30 pm

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Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, April 2018 Power Electronics

Q. No. 5 c.

For the Auxiliary commutation circuit shown below Fig.Q5(c), compute the value of commutation capacitor 'C' and commutating inductor 'R' for the following data:

$E_{dc} = 50 \text{ V}$, $I_{L(\max)} = 50 \text{ A}$, t_{off} of $\text{SCR}_1 = 30 \mu\text{s}$, chopping frequency $f = 500 \text{ Hz}$ and the load voltage variation required is 10% to 100%. Assume 50% tolerance on turn-off time of SCR_1 .

(08 Marks)

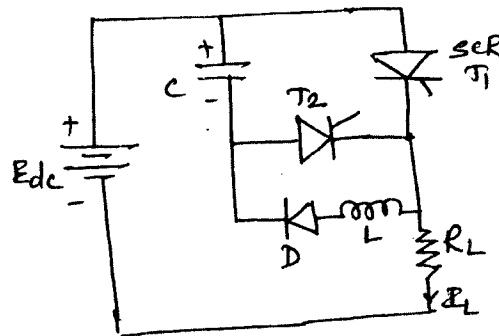


Fig.Q5(c)